

⋮  
⋮  
⋮

⋮

3 :

04 :

. 2 2 1 1

4 2 1 1 0

4

3

(1

:

(2

.1

X

(3

.X

04 :

$$(z^2 + 3)(z^2 - 6z + 21) = 0 : \quad z \in \mathbb{C} \quad (1)$$

$$D \ C ; B ; A : \quad (o; \vec{u}; \vec{v}) \quad (2)$$

$$z_D = \overline{z_C} \quad ; \quad z_C = 3 + 2i\sqrt{3} \quad ; \quad z_B = -\sqrt{3}i \quad ; \quad z_A = \sqrt{3}i :$$

$$z_\Omega = 3 \quad \Omega \quad (C) \quad D \ C ; B ; A \quad -$$

$$.O \quad D \quad E \quad (3)$$

.BEC

$$(z_C - z_B) = e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}(z_E - z_B) : \quad -$$

$$: \quad z' \quad M' \quad z \quad B \quad R \quad S \quad (4)$$

$$z' + i\sqrt{3} = 2e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}(z + i\sqrt{3})$$

$$\theta \quad z = 3 + 2\sqrt{3}e^{i\theta} : \quad z \quad M \quad S \quad (E) \quad -$$

$$S \quad (E) \quad (E') \quad -$$

**05 :**

$u_{n+1} = \frac{u_n^2}{2u_n - 1} :$	$u_0 = 4$	$\mathbb{N}$	$(u_n)$	
$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2x-1} :$		$[1; +\infty[$	$f$	<b>(1)</b>
$(O; \vec{i}, \vec{j})$	$y = x$	$(\Delta)$	$(C_f)$	
			$u_3, u_2, u_1, u_0$	
			$(u_n)$	
	$u_n > 1 : n$			
	$v_n = \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{u_n}\right) :$	$\mathbb{N}$	$(v_n)$	<b>(2)</b>
			$(v_n)$	
	$u_n = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{2^n}} :$	$n$	$v_n$	

**07 :**

$g(x) = 2 - x + e^x :$	$\mathbb{R}$	$g$	$g$	<b>-1</b>
$g(x) > 0 :$	$x$			<b>-2</b>
$f(x) = x + (x-1)e^{-x} :$	$\mathbb{R}$	$f$	$f$	
$\ \vec{i}\  = 2cm$	$(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$			$(C_f)$
			$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x), \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$	<b>-1</b>
$+\infty$	$(C_f)$	$y = x$	$(\Delta)$	
	$(\Delta)$		$(C_f)$	
	$f'(x) = e^{-x} \cdot g(x) :$	$x$	$f$	<b>-2</b>
			$\omega$	$(C_f)$
			$(C_f)$	$(T)$
$0,30 \leq \alpha \leq 0,40$	$\alpha$		$(C_f)$	
			$(C_f)$	$(\Delta), (T)$
				<b>-3</b>
$x - f(x) = f'(x) - 1 - e^{-x} :$	$x$			<b>-4</b>
$(\Delta)$	$(C_f)$	$S_\alpha$		
<b>4 2</b>		$x = 1$	$x = \alpha$	

**04 :**

$U_3, U_2, U_1$   
 $4 \quad U_2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad U_1$   
 $3 \quad U_3$   
 $U_2$   
 $U_2$

(1)  
(2)  
(3)  
(4)

**05 :**

$C, B, A, (O; \vec{u}, \vec{v})$   
 $z_c = \overline{z_B}, z_B = 1 + i\sqrt{3}, z_A = 2$   
 $C, B, A$  -1.1  
 $OBC$   
 $\frac{z_B}{z_C} z_c, z_B$   
 $OBAC$  -2  
 $(\gamma) |z| = |z - 2|$   
 $M(z)$   $(\gamma)$  -3  
 $z \neq z_A$   $M$   $f$ -11  
 $z' = \frac{-4}{z-2}$   
 $z' = z$   $\mathbb{C}$  - .1  
 $C, B$   
 $|z' - 2| = \frac{2|z|}{|z-2|}$  .2  
 $(C) M', (\gamma) M$  .3  
 $(C)$

**04 :**

$C(-1; 4; -1), B(1; -2; 1), A(-2; 2; -1)$   
 $(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j}; \vec{k})$   
 $C, B, A$  -1  
 $(ABC) \vec{n}(2; -1; -5)$  -  
 $2x - y + z - 3 = 0$   $(P)$  -2  
 $(ABC) (P)$  (  
 $(ABC) (P) (\Delta)$  (  
**4 3**

$$d(F;(\Delta)) \quad (P) \quad (ABC) \quad F(1;-2;0) \quad ($$

$$\cdot d(M;(P)) = \sqrt{5} \times d(M;(ABC)) : \quad M \quad (E) \quad -3$$

**07 :**

$$g(x) = 1 - x + \ln(2x) : \quad [1; +\infty[ \quad g \quad : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$1 + \ln(2\alpha) = \alpha : \quad \alpha \quad [1; +\infty[ \quad g(x) = 0 \quad (1) \quad (2)$$

$$\cdot u_{n+1} = 1 + \ln(2u_n) : n \quad u_0 = 1 : \quad (u_n) \quad (3)$$

$$h(x) = 1 + \ln(2x) \quad (C_h) \quad , (O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$$

$$\cdot x \mapsto \ln x : \quad (C_h) \quad -$$

$$\cdot u_3 \quad u_2, u_1, u_0 : \quad (C_h) \quad -$$

$$\cdot 1 \leq u_n \leq u_{n+1} \leq 3 : \quad n \quad -$$

$$\cdot \quad \quad \quad (u_n) \quad -$$

$$\cdot f(x) = (x-1)e^{1-x} : \quad [1; +\infty[ \quad f \quad : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\cdot \|\vec{i}\| = 2cm \quad (O; \vec{i}; \vec{j}) \quad (C_f)$$

$$\cdot F(x) = \int_1^x f(t) dt : \quad x \geq 1 \quad -1$$

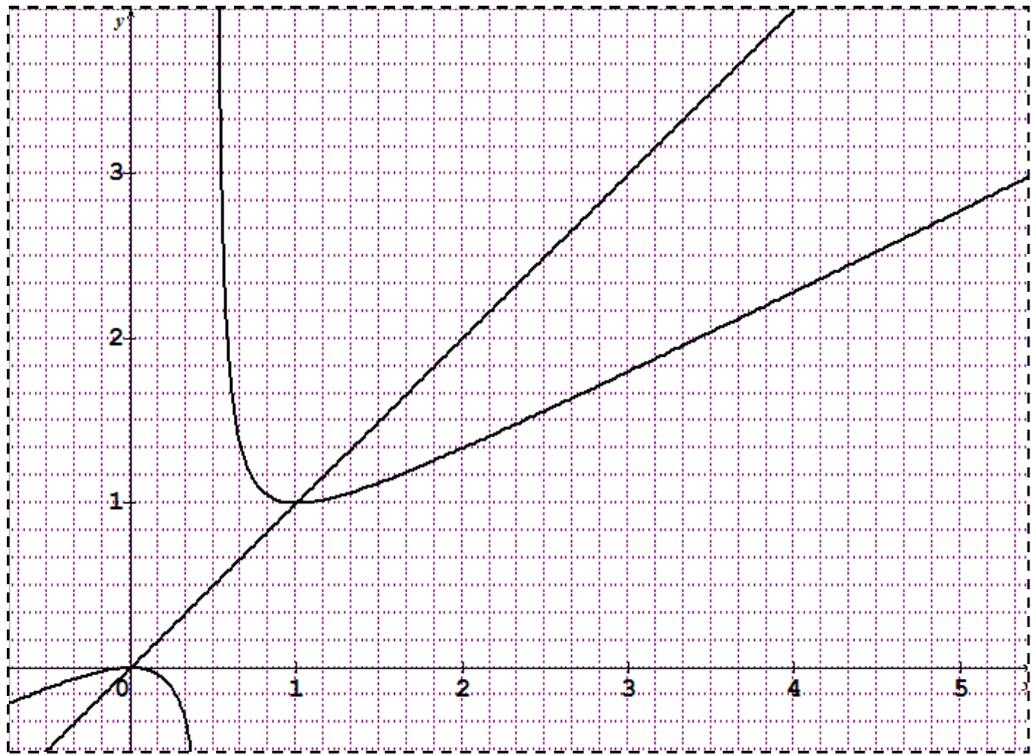
$$\cdot [1; +\infty[ \quad F \quad f(x) \geq 0 : \quad x \geq 1 \quad -2$$

$$\cdot F(x) = 1 - xe^{1-x} : \quad x \geq 1 \quad , \quad -3$$

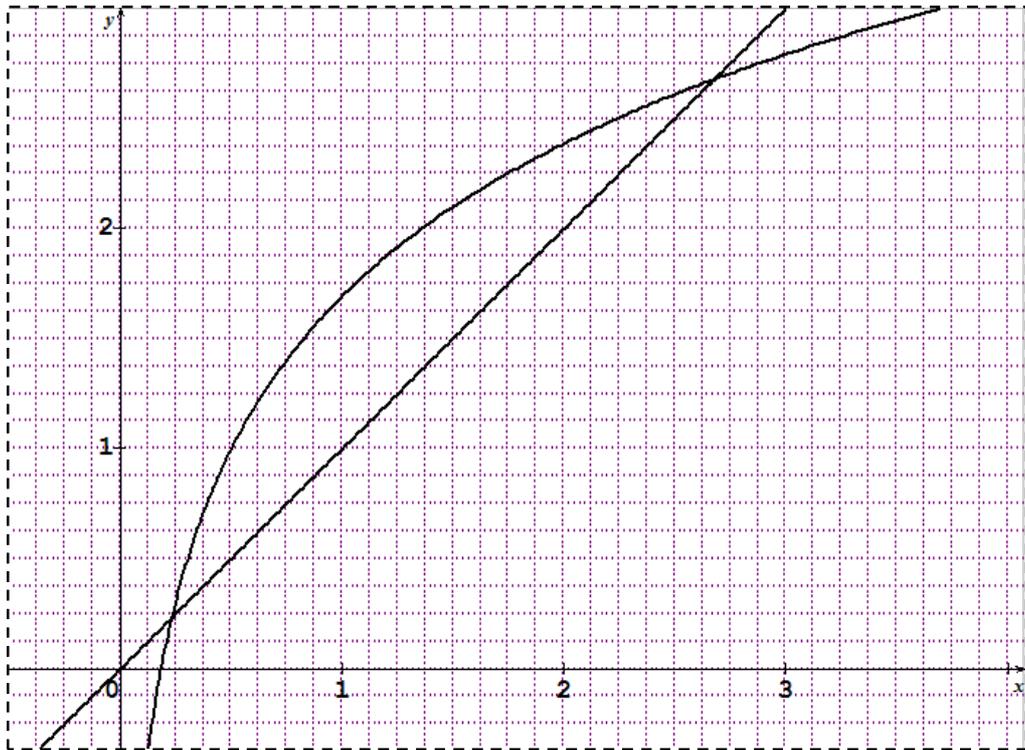
$$\cdot 1 + \ln(2x) = x : \quad F(x) = \frac{1}{2} \quad -4$$

$$\cdot (C_f) \quad S_\lambda \quad \cdot 1 \quad \lambda \quad -5$$

$$\cdot S_\lambda = 2 \cdot cm^2 \quad \lambda \quad \cdot x = \lambda \quad x = 1$$



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